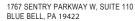
RETIREMENT PLANS OVERVIEW 2017

PLANS THAT PERMIT BOTH EMPLOYEE AND EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Features	SIMPLE IRA	Basic 401(k)	Safe Harbor 401(k)
Advantages	Low set-up and administrative costs, simple to maintain	Permitsemployeestomakelarger contributionsandoffersmoreplan features than a SIMPLE IRA.	Permits owners to make larger contributions than a Basic 401(k) planas non discrimination testing is not required
Disadvantages	Minimum contributions for employees are required and contributionsforownersarelower than a 401(k) plan	More complex and higher costs for administration than a SIMPLE IRA. Nondiscrimination testing is required.	More complex and higher costs for administration than a SIMPLE IRA. Minimum contributions for employees are required.
Employer eligibility	Any type of business with 100 or fewer employees	Any type of business	Any type of business
Employee eligibility requirements (maximum limits)	Anyemployeewhoearned\$5,000 ORmore in 2 prior years and who will be expected to earn \$5,000 or more in the current year	Generally, any employee at least age 21, who has worked 1,000 hours or more within a 12-month period.	Generally, any employee at least age 21, who has worked 1,000 hours or more within a 12-month period
Maximum employee deferral contribution	\$12,500 (\$15,500 if employee is age 50 or older)	\$18,000 (\$24,000 if employee is age 50 or older)	\$18,000 (\$24,000 if employee is age 50 or older)
Maximum contributions per employee (combinedemployerandemployee contributions)	\$25,000 (\$31,000 if age 50 or older) Totals based on employer makingmatchcontributions and assumes employee's compensation is at least \$416,667 (\$516,667, if age 50 or older)	Generally, the lesser of \$54,000 (\$60,000 for employees age 50 or older) or 100% of an employee's compensation. Employer contributions are limited to 25% of total payroll (in addition to employee deferrals).	Generally, the lesser of \$54,000 (\$60,000 for employees age 50 or older) or 100% of an employee's compensation. Employer contributions are limited to 25% of total payroll (in addition to employee deferrals).
Required employer contributions	Dollar for dollar match on the first3%ofcompensationthatan employee defers, OR 2% of compensation for each eligible employee	None unless plan is top heavy. Match or discretionary contributions are optional.	Dollar for dollar match on the first 3% of compensation that an employee defers and \$0.50 per dollar on the next 2% of compensationthatanemployee defers, OR 3% of compensation for each eligible employee
Flexible plan options	No	Yes (e.g. loans, vesting schedules, larger employer contributions for owners through optional plan provisions)	Same options as Basic 401(k) but with limitations involving certain vesting requirements
Additional discretionary employer contributions	No	Yes	Yes
IRS Form 5500 required	No	Yes	Yes

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PLANS THAT ARE FUNDED BY EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ONLY

Features	SEP	Basic Profit Sharing	New Comparability Profit Sharing	Defined Benefit
Advantages	Low set-up and administrativecosts, simple to maintain	Potentially larger contributions for owners and offers more plan features than a SEP	Proportionately larger contributions for owners than other employees (basedonowner's age and compensation relative to other employees)	Proportionately larger contributions for older owners than other types of plans
Disadvantages	Contributionsforeligible employees are required when contributions are made for the owner	Morecomplexandhigher administrationcoststhan a SEP	Morecomplexandhigher administrationcoststhana SEPorBasicProfitSharing	Morecomplexandhigher administration costs comparedtootherplansas the services of an actuary are required
Employer eligibility	Any type of business	Any type of business	Any type of business	Any type of business
Employee eligibility requirements (Maximum limits)	Anyemployeeatleastage 21,whoperformedservices in 3 of the preceding 5 yearsandwillearnatleast \$600 in the current year	Generally, any employee at least age 21, who has worked 1,000 hours or more within a 12-month period	Generally, any employee at least age 21, who has worked 1,000 hours or more within a 12-month period	Generally, any employee at least age 21, who has worked 1,000 hours or more within a 12-month
Maximum employer contribution	The lesser of \$54,000 or 25% of an employee's compensation	Generally, the lesser of \$54,000 or 100% of an employee'scompensation. However,overalltotalplan contributionsarelimitedto 25% of total payroll	Generally, the lesser of \$54,000 or 100% of an employee'scompensation. However,overalltotalplan contributionsarelimitedto 25% of total payroll	Generally, contributions are limited to those that will fund a benefit that doesnotexceedthelesser of \$215,000 or 100% of an employee's average compensation over the employee's3highestpaid consecutive years
Required employer contributions	None, all contributions are at the employer's discretion	None, all contributions are at the employer's discretion (however, a contribution should be made in at least 1 of every 3 years)	None, all contributions are at the employer's discretion (however, a contribution should be made in at least 1 of every 3 years)	Yes, based on the funding requirements calculated by the actuary
Flexible plan design features for owners	No(however,contributions for owners may be larger if plan is integrated with social security)	Yes	Yes	Yes
Vesting schedule	Allemployercontributions are 100% vested	Vesting schedules may apply to employer contributions(e.g.Gradual vesting over 2-6 years or 100% after 3 years)	Vesting schedules may apply to employer contributions(e.g.Gradual vesting over 2-6 years or 100% after 3 years)	Vesting schedules may apply to employer contributions(e.g.Gradual vesting over 2-6 years or 100% after 3 years)
IRS Form 5500 required	No	Yes	Yes	Yes

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